



#19 - Uranus & Neptune

1. In 1781, who discovered the planet Uranus using a telescope? _____
2. Originally named after a king, Uranus is now named after _____
3. Uranus is massive; it's about _____ times the mass of Earth
4. To distinguish it from the gas giants Jupiter and Saturn, Uranus is called _____
5. The pressure inside Uranus can break up methane, possibly creating an ocean of _____
6. Which molecule is really good at absorbing red light, making Uranus look cyan? _____
7. Which gas, in the atmosphere of Uranus, smells like rotten eggs? _____
8. The atmosphere of Uranus has a temperature of _____
9. While Venus is flipped all the way over, Uranus is tilted by about _____
10. Which spacecraft has been the only one to visit Uranus? _____
11. The moons of Uranus are named after _____
12. How many known rings does Uranus have? _____
13. Neptune is more massive than Uranus; it's about _____ times the mass of Earth
14. Neptune's color is described as a deep rich _____
15. Sustained wind speeds in Neptune's atmosphere have been clocked at over _____
16. Neptune has over a dozen known moons, the largest of these is _____