## **Crash Course Astronomy**



Name	
Date	

## #18 - Saturn

1.	Saturn's atmosphere, hundreds of kilometers deep, is composed mostly of
2.	Saturn's density is about that of water
3.	Saturn spins really quickly, completing a day in just hours
4.	When we look at Saturn, we only see its cloud tops, which are mostly
5.	In 2010, what was seen in Saturn's northern hemisphere?
6.	On Saturn, where is the huge, hexagonal vortex located?
7.	Wind speeds at the center of the hexagonal vortex have been clocked at
8.	Who correctly interpreted the appearance of the rings surrounding Saturn?
9.	Saturn's rings are composed of
10	. On average, what is the thickness of Saturn's rings?
11	. How many main rings does Saturn have?
12	. Saturn's rings are given lettered names in order of
13	. The gap between the A and B rings is called
14	. Which icy moon, responsible for the Cassini Division, has a single huge crater?
15	. Which of Saturn's moons is bigger than Mercury?
16	. Titan has hints of cryovolcanoes that spew