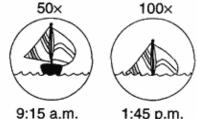
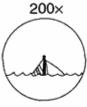
- 1. Which sphere of earth covers approximately 70% of Earth's surface?
  - A) lithosphere
- C) hydrosphere
- B) asthenosphere
- D) atmosphere
- 2. The diagrams below represent photographs of a large sailboat taken through a telescope over time as the boat sailed away from shore out to sea. Each diagram shows the magnification of the lenses and the time of day.



1:45 p.m.



5:15 p.m.

Which statement best explains the apparent sinking of this sailboat?

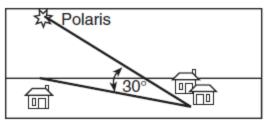
- A) The change in density of the atmosphere is causing refraction of light rays.
- B) The tide is causing an increase in the depth of the ocean.
- C) The sailboat appears smaller as it moves farther away.
- D) The sailboat is moving around the curved surface of Earth.
- 3. When the time of day for a certain ship at sea is 12 noon, the time of day at the Prime Meridian (0° longitude) is 5 p.m. What is the ship's longitude?
  - A) 45° E
- C) 45° W
- B) 75° W
- D) 75° E
- 4. From Utica, New York, *Polaris* is observed at an altitude of approximately
  - A) 75°
- B) 90°
- C) 43°
- D) 47°
- 5. Which two elements make up the greatest percentages by mass in Earth's crust?
  - A) oxygen and silicon
  - B) aluminum and potassium
  - C) oxygen and potassium
  - D) aluminum and silicon

6. Which statement about *Polaris* is best illustrated by the diagrams shown below?

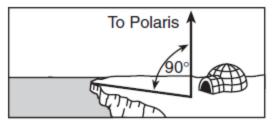
## At Equator



## At New Orleans, Louisiana

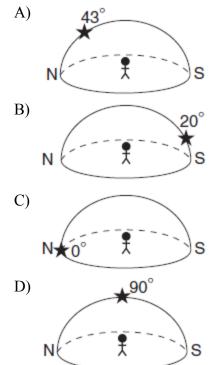


## At North Pole

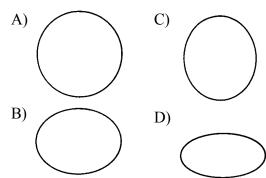


- A) Polaris is located in a winter constellation
- B) Polaris' apparent movement through the sky follows a south-to-north orientation.
- C) Polaris' altitude is equal to a locations latitude.
- D) *Polaris* is located at the zenith at each location.
- 7. At what approximate altitude in the atmosphere can stratospheric ozone be found?
  - A) 10 km
- C) 70 km
- B) 30 km
- D) 100 km
- The angle of the star *Polaris* above the northern horizon can be used to determine an observer's
  - A) longitude
- C) solar time
- B) latitude
- D) local time

9. Which diagram represents the approximate altitude of *Polaris* as seen by an observer located Syracuse, New York?

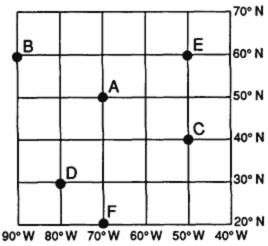


- 10. Which New York State city is located at 42°39' N 73°45' W?
  - A) Albany
- C) Ithaca
- B) Buffalo
- D) Plattsburgh
- 11. Which diagram most accurately shows the cross-sectional shape of the Earth drawn to scale?



- 12. New York State's highest peak, Mt. Marcy, is located at approximately
  - A) 44°10' N 74°05' W
  - B) 44°05' N 73°55' W
  - C) 73°55' N 44°10' W
  - D) 74°05' N 44°05' W

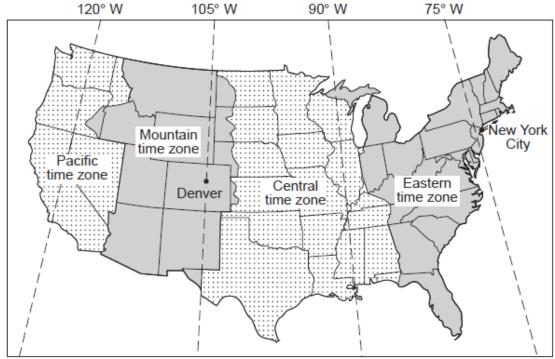
13. Base your answer to the following question on the latitude and longitude system shown below. The map represents a part of the Earth's surface and its latitude-longitude coordinates. Points *A* through *F* represent locations in this area.



How are latitude and longitude lines drawn on a globe of the Earth?

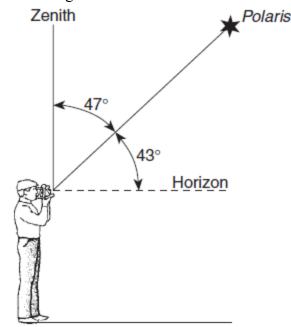
- A) Longitude lines are parallel and latitude lines meet at the Equator.
- B) Latitude lines are parallel and longitude lines meet at the Equator.
- C) Latitude lines are parallel and longitude lines meet at the poles.
- D) Longitude lines are parallel and latitude lines meet at the poles.
  - 14. The Earth is slightly flattened from a perfect spherical shape because of
    - A) the pull of the sun and moon
    - B) its rotation
    - C) its molten core
    - D) storms on the sun's surface
  - 15. An observer watching a sailing ship at sea notes that the ship appears to be "sinking" as it moves away. Which statement best explains this observation?
    - A) The Earth has a curved surface.
    - B) The Earth is revolving.
    - C) The surface of the ocean has depressions.
    - D) The Earth is rotating.
  - 16. What is the approximate altitude of *Polaris* at Syracuse, New York?
    - A) 43° B) 47° C) 76° D) 90°

17. The map below shows four major time zones of the United States. The dashed lines represent meridians of longitude. The locations of New York City and Denver are shown.



What is the time in New York City when it is noon in Denver?

- A) 3 p.m.
- B) 2 p.m.
- C) 10 a.m.
- D) noon
- 18. The diagram below shows an observer on Earth measuring the altitude of *Polaris*.

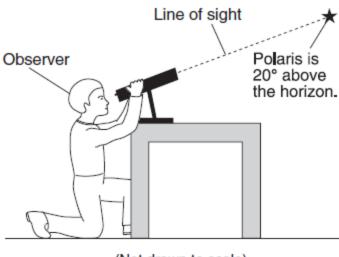


What is the latitude of this observer?

- A) 47° N
- C) 47° S
- B) 43° N
- D) 43° S

- 19. At which New York State location would an observer measure the highest altitude of *Polaris*?
  - A) Slide Mountain
- C) New York City
- B) Niagara Falls
- D) Plattsburgh
- 20. As a person travels due west across New York State, the altitude of *Polaris* will
  - A) decrease
- C) remain the same
- B) increase
- 21. The Earth's actual shape is most correctly described as
  - A) an oblate sphere
  - B) a circle
  - C) an eccentric ellipse
  - D) a perfect sphere
- 22. Precise measurements of the Earth indicate that its polar diameter is
  - A) shorter than its equatorial diameter
  - B) longer than its equatorial diameter
  - C) the same length as its equatorial diameter

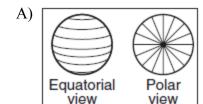
23. The diagram below shows an observer measuring the altitude of *Polaris*.

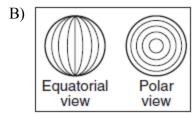


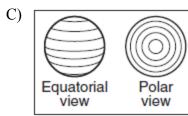
(Not drawn to scale)

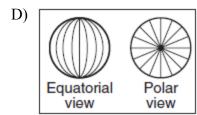
What is the latitude of the observer?

- A) 70° N
- B) 70° S
- C) 20° N
- D) 20° S
- 24. The lines on which set of views best represent Earth's latitude system?

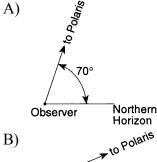


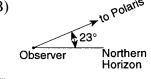


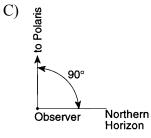


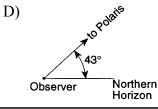


- 25. At which location is the altitude of *Polaris* approximately 42°?
  - A) Elmira
- C) Niagara Falls
- B) Watertown
- D) Massena
- 26. "Which diagram best shows the altitude of *Polaris* observed near Buffalo, New York?"

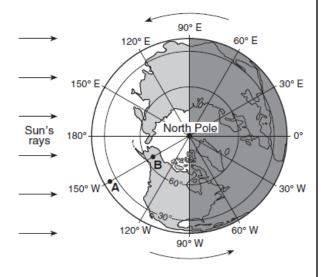






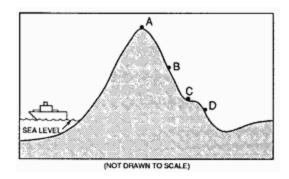


27. The diagram below represents a view of Earth from above the North Pole. Points *A* and *B* represent locations on Earth's surface.



Locations A and B have the same

- A) longitude and elevation
- B) longitude and local time
- C) latitude and local time
- D) latitude and elevation
- 28. In the diagram below, letters *A* through *D* represent the locations of four observers on the Earth's surface. Each observer has the same mass.



The gravitational force is strongest between the center of the Earth and the observer at location

- A) A
- B) *B*
- C) C
- D) *D*
- 29. In which two Earth regions is oxygen the second most abundant element by volume?
  - A) troposphere and core
  - B) core and crust
  - C) crust and hydrosphere
  - D) hydrosphere and troposphere

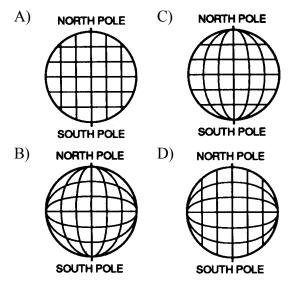
30. The table below shows the distance that an observer must travel on a north-south line along the surface of the Earth in order to change the observed altitude of *Polaris* by 5°.

LATITUDE	DISTANCE TRAVELED TO CHANGE THE OBSERVED ALTITUDE OF POLARIS BY 5°
Between 0° and 5° N	552.75 kilometers
Between 45° N and 50° N	555.78 kilometers
Between 85° N and 90° N	558.36 kilometers

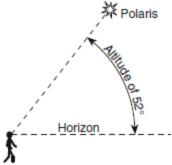
The best inference about the Earth's shape that can be made from these observations is that the Earth

- A) is flattened at the Equator
- B) has a very smooth surface
- C) is a perfect sphere
- D) has a curved surface
- 31. The north-south distance between the Earth's Equator (0°) and the North Pole (90° N) is 10,002 kilometers. The distance between 0° and 10° N is 1,106 kilometers. Which statement is best supported by this information?
  - A) The north-south distance for every 10° of latitude is a constant value.
  - B) The shape of the Earth is not perfectly spherical.
  - C) The lines of longitude are not parallel.
  - D) The Earth's equatorial radius and polar radius are equal.
- 32. As a person travels northward from the Equator, the altitude of *Polaris* will appear to
  - A) decrease
- C) remain the same
- B) increase
- 33. Which statement best explains why stars viewed from the Northern Hemisphere appear to revolve around *Polaris*?
  - A) Polaris rotates on its axis.
  - B) Earth revolves around *Polaris*.
  - C) Earth rotates on its axis
  - D) Polaris revolves around Earth.

34. The diagrams below represent four systems of imaginary lines that could be used to locate positions on a planet. Which system is most similar to the latitude-longitude system used on the Earth?



35. The diagram below shows an observer on Earth viewing the star *Polaris*.



What is the observer's latitude?

- A) 38° N
- C) 52° S
- B) 52° N
- D) 38° S
- 36. The best evidence that the Earth has a spherical shape is provided by
  - A) the amount of daylight received at the North Pole on June 21
  - B) the cyclic change of seasons
  - C) photographs of the Earth taken from space satellites
  - D) the changing orbital speed of the Earth in its orbit around the Sun

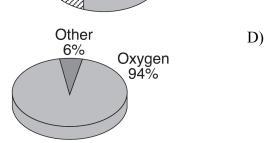
- 37. A gravity meter is used to measure the amount of gravitational pull at the Earth's North Pole and at the Earth's Equator. How would these readings of gravitational pull compare? [Assume both readings are taken at sea level.]
  - A) The reading would be lower at the North Pole than at the Equator.
  - B) The readings would be the same at the North Pole and at the Equator.
  - C) The reading would be higher at the North Pole than at the Equator.
- 38. Which reference line passes through both the geographic North Pole and the geographic South Pole?
  - A) 0° latitude
  - B) Tropic of Capricorn
  - C) Tropic of Cancer
  - D) 0° longitude
- 39. The best evidence of the Earth's nearly spherical shape is obtained through
  - A) observations of the Moon made during lunar eclipses
  - B) photographs of the Earth from an orbiting satellite
  - C) telescopic observations of other planets
  - D) observations of the Sun's altitude made during the day
- 40. Which object best represents a true scale model of the shape of the Earth?
  - A) a pear
- C) a football
- B) a Ping-Pong ball D) an egg
- 41. Measurements taken from space show the Earth to be
  - A) greatest in diameter at the poles
  - B) greatest in diameter at the Equator
  - C) a perfect sphere
  - D) pear shaped
- 42. The polar circumference of the Earth is 40,008 kilometers. What is the equatorial circumference?
  - A) 25,000 km
- C) 12,740 km
- B) 40,008 km
- D) 40,076 km

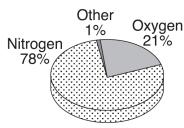
43. Which pie graph correctly shows the percentage of elements by volume in Earth's troposphere?

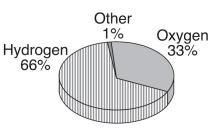
C)

A) Other 26%
Silicon Oxygen 46%

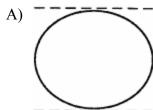
B) Other

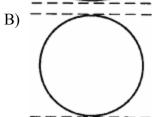


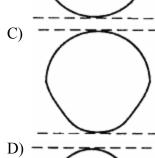


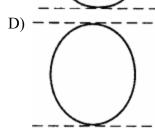


44. Which diagram most accurately shows the cross-sectional shape of the Earth?









- 45. If an observer on Earth views *Polaris* on the horizon, the observer is located at the
  - A) Tropic of Cancer (23.5° N)
  - B) North Pole (90° N)
  - C) Tropic of Capricorn (23.5° S)
  - D) equator  $(0^{\circ})$

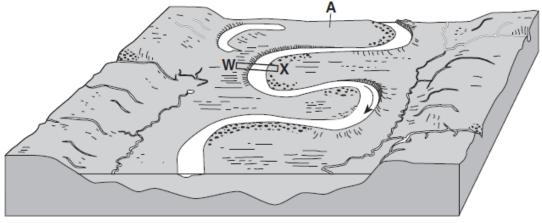
46. According to the data below, what is the exact shape of the Earth?

## Actual Dimensions of the Earth

Equatorial Radius	6,378	km
Polar Radius	6,357	km
Equatorial Circumference	40,076	km
Polar Circumference	40,008	km

- A) slightly bulging at both the Equator and the Poles
- B) slightly flattened at both the Equator and the Poles
- C) slightly flattened at the Equator and slightly bulging at the Poles
- D) slightly flattened at the Poles and slightly bulging at the Equator
- 47. Compared to the weight of a person at the North Pole, the weight of the same person at the Equator would be
  - A) slightly less, because the person is farther from the center of Earth
  - B) slightly more, because the person is farther from the center of Earth
  - C) slightly less, because the person is closer to the center of Earth
  - D) slightly more, because the person is closer to the center of Earth

48. Base your answer to the following question on the block diagram below, which represents the landscape features associated with a meandering stream. *WX* is the location of a cross section. Location *A* indicates a landscape feature.



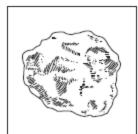
(Not drawn to scale)

Which particle of quartz shows evidence of being transported the farthest distance by the stream?

A)



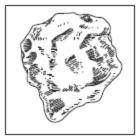
C)



B)

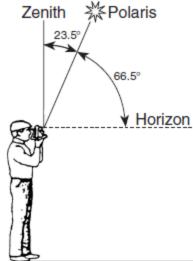


D)



- 49. In which two temperature zones of the atmosphere does the temperature increase with increasing altitude?
  - A) stratosphere and thermosphere
  - B) mesosphere and thermosphere
  - C) troposphere and mesosphere
  - D) troposphere and stratosphere

50. The diagram below shows an observer on Earth measuring the altitude of *Polaris*.



What is the latitude of this observer?

- A) 66.5° N
- C) 90° N
- B) 23.5° N
- D) 43° N

Earth Science

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